



What is the impact of Ancient Greece and it's culture?

5

When? – Historical Context



What? – Key Events

3000 BC	Minoan Civilisation begins in Crete
776 BC	First Olympic games
750 BC	Frist Greek alphabet created
700 BC	Iliad and Odyssey written by Homer
508 BC	Democracy appears
500 BC	Democracy used in Athens
490 BC	Persian wars- Greeks win!
468 BC	Theatre begins
438 BC	Parthenon is built
431 BC	War between Athens and Sparta
399 BC	Greek philosophy begins
370 BC	Hippocrates (the first real doctor) dies.
334- 323 BC	Conquests of Alexander the Great
146 BC	Greece becomes part of the Roman Empire

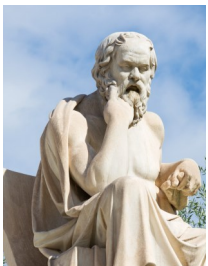
Where?



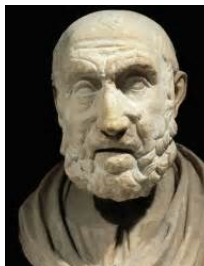
Key Vocabulary

Myths and legend	A story so old noone know whether it happened or not
Polytheistic	More than one God
Play	Uses a script and acts out a story
Iliad and Odyssey	An epic poem about Troy and Odysseus
Philosophy	Thinking about life
Amphitheatre	A play plays took place
Temple	A religious building
Architecture	Building grand designs
Democracy	Government where everyone gets a say
Senate	A group of men making laws and decisions
Source	Evidence from the time we're studying

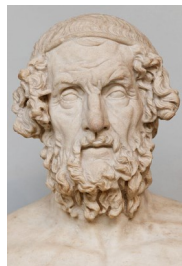
Who (key people)



Socrates
Father of



Hippocrates
Father of



Homer
Writer of

Learning Links



Year 2 - Florence Nightingale used many of the ideas of Hippocrates



Year 3

Many of the things that we associate with the Romans were copied



Year 4

Greece is part of Europe, a peninsula on the Mediterranean Sea